

BCD-9533

Seat No.

Third Year Bachelor of Physiotherapy Examination January - 2016 Medicine - II

Time: 3 Hours [Total Marks: 100

Instructions: (1) Answer to the point

- (2) Figures to the right indicates marks.
- (3) Draw diagrams wherever **necessary**.
- (4) Use **separate** answer books for each section.

SECTION - I (Neurology)

1 Long essay: (any three)

30

- (a) Write etiology, clinical features and investigations of a patient having Stroke due to middle cerebral artery thrombosis.
- (b) Write etiology, clinical features and management of a patient having Bell's palsy.
- (c) Write differential diagnosis of an Unconscious patient.
- (d) Write types, clinical features and management of Peripheral Neuropathy.
- 2 Short essay: (any four)

20

- (a) Write etiology of convulsions.
- (b) Write treatment of Migraine.
- (c) Write management of Tubercular Meningitis.
- (d) Write a note about EMG.
- (e) Management of Vitamin B12 neuropathy (SACD).

BCD-9533] 1 [Contd...

3	Write in short: (any five)						
	(a)	Enumerate the different involuntary movements.					
	(b)	Name deep reflexes in neurology with its root value.					
	(c)	Enumerate different gaits.					
	(d)	Write indications of Lumbar Puncture.					
	(e)	What are the drugs used in treatment of spasticity?					
	(f)	What are the causes of Headache?					
4	Mul	tiple choice questions :	10				
	(1)	Causes of Hypertonia is -					
		(a) Spinal shock stage of UMN lesion					
		(b) Lower motor neuron lesion					
		(c) Rheumatic chorea					
		(d) Upper motor neuron lesion					
	(2)	EMG is mainly helpful in diagnosing in -					
		(a) Paraplegia (b) Hemiplegia					
		(c) Myopathy (d) Meningitis					
	(3)	(3) Sodium Valporate is an -					
		(a) Antiviral drug					
		(b) Anti Epileptic drug					
		(c) Anti Fungal drug					
		(d) Anti Hypertensive drug					
	(4) Rhomberg's sign differentiates between -						
		(a) Upper and lower motor neuron paralysis					
		(b) Sub arachnoid and intra cerebellar hemorrhage					
		(c) Sensory and Cerebellar ataxia					
		(d) Tuberculous and Pyogenic meningitis					
BCD-9533]		[Cont	d				

(5) Features of raised intra cranial tension is all Except -							
	(a)	Headache	(b)	Convulsions			
	(c)	Projectile vomiting	(d)	Fasciculations			
(6)	Following are the causes of Peripheral Neuropathy Except -						
	(a)	Diabetes Mellitus					
	(b)	Leprosy					
	(c) Deficiency of Vitamin B12						
	(d)						
(7)	Drug used in management of raised intracranial tension is -						
	(a)	Mannitol	(b)	Sorbitol			
	(c)	Metoprolol	(d)	Rabeprazole			
(8)	How many pairs of cranial nerves are there in a human body ?						
	(a)	11	(b)	12			
	(c)	13	(d)	14			
(9)	Following drug is used in treatment of hypercholesterolemia						
	(a)	Propanolol	(b)	Enalapril			
	(c)	Atorvastatin	(d)	Prazocin			
(10)	0) Complications of chronic bed ridden stage are all Except -						
	(a)	Aspiration Pneumo	nia				
	(b) Deep vein thrombosis						
	(c)	Cataract					
	(d)	Pressure sores					

SECTION - II (Gynecology & Obstetrics)

5	Wh	What is labour? Write brief about all four stages			
	of l	abour.			
		\mathbf{OR}			
5	Wri	Write about Utero-Vaginal supports. Clinical features			
	and	management of third degree Utero-Vaginal prolapsed.			
6	Wri	Write in brief: (any two)			
	(a)	MTP act			
	(b)	Diagnosis of pregnancy			
	(c)	Partograph.			
7	Wri	Write in short: (any five)			
	(a)	Cu-T			
	(b)	Post natal exercise			
	(c)	Missed abortion			
	(d)	Hysterectomy			
	(e)	Vaginal discharges			
	(f)	Ectopic pregnancy.			